# **Operation and Installation Guide**

# **Description**

- The C900TTL-TR is designed to link an alarm panel's digital dialer to a host computer connected to a LAN/WAN via a Token-Ring port by connecting one side to the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) and the digital dialer's telco interface, and the other side to the host computer's token ring port.
- · When the dialer has something to report, the C900TTL-TR provides the signals and voltages necessary to simulate a connection to the central station through a PSTN. The C900TTL-TR then decodes the transmitted digital dialer message and delivers the decoded signals to the host computer. When the host computer acknowledges receipt of the message, the C900TTL-TR transmits an appropriate acknowledge message to the dialer. True end-to-end security is maintained in this manner.
- The C900TTL-TR has three modular jacks. One is labeled "TELCO", and is intended for connection to an RJ31X jack. The second is labeled "PANEL", and is intended for connection to a digital dialer via a telco cord. The third, marked "TOKEN RING" is for connection to the computer's token ring interface. In "Intercept Mode," the C900TTL-TR connects the house phone directly to the telephone company, and connects the digital dialer to its internal telco simulation electronics. In "Fallback Mode," the C900TTL-TR connects the house phone to the dialer, and the dialer to the telephone company, shunting itself out of the phone circuit. Intercept Mode is maintained only if the C900TTL-TR CPU is functioning (Output 1 held low). "Fallback Mode" is thus ensured in the event of a CPU lockup.

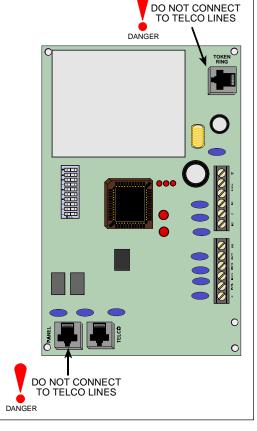
#### 2.0 **Specifications**

Current: 500 mA nominal

Connectors: Control Panel:

· Ringer Equivalency Number:

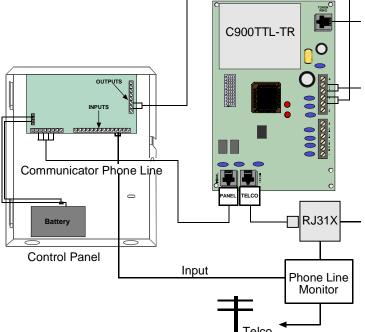
### · Voltage Range: 9.6 - 15.0 VDC 7 in. x 4.5 in. (17.8 cm x 11.4 cm) • Operating Temperature: +32° to 120° F (0° to 49°C) RJ-45 Modular jack Telco: RJ-45 Modular jack LAN/WAN: RJ-45 Modular jack (token ring) · Protocols: Input (from panel): see Table 2 Digital Dialer Protocol for Switches DF1-DF4 TCP/IP packets Output (to LAN/WAN): 3B\* The C900 itself does not have an REN, but the panel and the phone should add up to less than 3. · Connect the power and data wiring as



C900TTL-TR - Location of Major Items

# 3.0 Wiring

shown below:



Note: The wiring distance between the C900TTL-TR and the control panel should be less than 3 feet (0.9 m).

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C900TTL-TR Dialer Capture Module O & I Guide

## Mounting

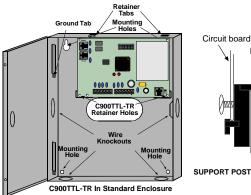


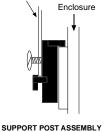
The C900TTL-TR is static sensitive. Make sure you touch earth ground before handling the circuit board. This will discharge any static electricity in your

Run the ground wire to the enclosure before handling the circuit board. Then, **EXAMPLE:** holding the ground wire (or using a ground strap), install the circuit board.

- · Insert the two support posts into the circuit board retainer holes as shown in the Support Post Assembly diagram.
- Slide the top of the circuit board into the two retainer tabs.
- Once in the retainer tabs, the circuit board will rest on the two support posts.
- Secure the bottom of the enclosure by screwing the bottom two holes through the support posts and through to the control retainer holes.

Once the circuit board is installed, be sure to connect its ground wire to the top hinge of the enclosure.





#### 5.0 **Installation Notes**

- The C900TTL-TR intercepts the phone line between the Telco service and the panel, thus rendering the panel's phone line monitor inactive. If phone line monitoring is required, an external phone line monitor, such as the Detection Systems Inc. DS7481, should be used.
- Panels with internal phone line monitors may generate an error when attached to the C900TTL-TR. Unless the internal phone line monitor can be disabled, do not use such a panel with the C900TTL-TR.

#### **Dip Switch Settings** 6.0

- The C900TTL-TR is programmed by a 10 position dip switch:
- · The following charts define dip switch settings and functions as well as expected digital dialer protocol for Dialer Format switches DF1 through DF4.

	1	2	3_	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
O F F		Ц		П	Ц		Ц	Ц	П			
Ļ	ROC	KER	DOW	N	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш		OFF	ON

Switch	OFF	ON
1	DF1	
2	DF2	
3	DF3	
4	DF4	
5	Disable auto fallback after intercept error	Enable auto fallback at
6	No number of hang-ups will cause fallback.	Third hang-up without
7	Default 30 second idle poll iii	Default 240 second idle
8	Handshake after 1 second break in dialing iv	Handshake after 6 sec
9	Unused	Unused
10	1200 baud RS-232 data rate	9600 baud RS-232 dat

Table 1: C900TTL-TR Dip Switch Functions

- Several errors can occur in the intercept process. Any error will force the C900TTL-TR to switch the dialer to the Fallback position for 2 minutes when it next seizes the line (if enabled, and if the seize occurs within 2 minutes). Intercept errors are always reported to the host computer.
- If the host computer does not acknowledge a report that was intercepted by the C900TTL-TR in the proper amount of time, the digital dialer will hang up and retry the message transmission. The proper amount of time is measured in terms of a failed message transmission at the digital dialer. Based on the number of hang-ups the C900TTL-TR will switch to Fallback Mode.
- The time in seconds that will elapse between Forward polls when the C900TTL-TR is idle (for example, not expecting a dialer acknowledge). Default is 30 seconds.
- Depending on programming, the C900TTL-TR will generate the appropriate handshake either 1 second or 6 seconds after the digital dialer has finished dialing.

DF1	DF2	DF3	DF4	Format
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Radionics Modem IIe and Modem IIIa <sup>2</sup>
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	Radionics Modem II
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	Any Ademco DTMF
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	Any Ademco DTMF; dialer retransmits quick
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Radionics BFSK, 2300 Hz ACK
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	Radionics BFSK, 1400 Hz ACK
OFF	ON	ON	OFF	Reserved
OFF	ON	ON	ON	Reserved
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	Any pulse, 2300 Hz ACK
ON	OFF	OFF	ON	Any pulse, 1400 Hz ACK
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	Any pulse, long 2300 Hz ACK
ON	OFF	ON	ON	Any pulse, long 1400 Hz ACK
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	Unused
ON	ON	OFF	ON	Unused
ON	ON	ON	OFF	Unused
ON	ON	ON	ON	Unused
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Table 2: Digital Dialer Protocol for Switches DF1-DF4:

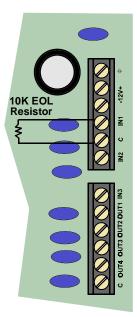
# 7.0 Input/ Output Functions

## 7.1 Inputs

- The C900TTL-TR has 3 inputs monitored by A/D converters. They serve the following functions:
- Input 1: Used as an EOL supervised loop. If Input status reports are enabled by the host computer, then any voltage **above** 3.33 VDC is reported as an open condition to the host. Any voltage **below** 1.66 volts is reported as a short. Input 1 must be EOL terminated with a 10 K resistor.
- Input 2: Used for Intercept Inhibit. If input 2 goes above 1.66 volts, then the C900TTL-TR is immediately forced into Fallback Mode for a minimum of 2 minutes. Input 2 must go low for at least 5 seconds to be considered low. Input 2 is intended for connection to a fire bell to force fire reports to be sent digitally. If input 2 is unused, it may be left disconnected.
- Input 3: Used for Intercept Override. If input 3 goes above 1.66 volts for 5 seconds, then the C900TTL-TR enters into Fallback Mode. If input 3 goes low, then the C900TTL-TR will return to Intercept Mode and initiate a session. If this is driven by ground start relay output, the C900 will stay in Fallback, except when the dialer wishes to dial. Input 3 cannot force an intercept if the C900 is in Fallback due to error, command, or input 2 high. If unused, this may be left disconnected.

## 7.2 Outputs

- The C900TTL-TR has 4 open-collector outputs:
- Output 1: Active (shorted to ground) as long as the CPU is functioning normally. If the CPU fails to operate or the CPU loses power, output 1 will be open.
- Output 2: Active as long as the host computer is working properly, and open when the host computer
  has failed
- Output 3: Active whenever the C900TTL-TR is in Intercept Mode.
- Output 4: Controlled by command from the host computer (default is open).



I/O and Power Terminal Strips

# 8.0 Power Terminal Strip Description

- The following list describes the functions of the Power Terminal Strip:
- 12 V+: Connect regulated 12 volt DC power to this terminal and the -12 V terminal. This power may be supplied by a separate power supply, battery, or Auxiliary power from the Control/ Communicator.
- -12 V: Return terminal for the 12 VDC power supply.



is the earth ground connection.

# 9.0 C900TTL-TR Troubleshooting

#### 9.1 LED Description

• The C900TTL-TR has two dual-colored LEDs that indicate its status: the DIALER LED and the SYSTEM LED. There are also three red LEDs which indicate communications to the token ring network.

#### **DIALER LED**

• The DIALER LED indicates the status of the digital dialer interface (Hertz = cycles/flashes per second).

**Table 4: Dialer LED Functions** 

Dialer LED Color	Function
Off	The C900 is in permanent Fallback Mo
Green	The C900 is in Intercept Mode, and the
Blinking Green (5 Hertz)	The C900 is in Intercept Mode, and the
Red	The C900 is in Fallback Mode due to e inputs, or command.
Blinking Red (5 Hertz)	The previous (or current) off-hook caus
Alternating Red/Green (5 Hertz)	The dialer is off-hook, but the last mess checksum or other logical error.

If Auto Fallback After Error is enabled (Switch 5 = ON), the C900TTL-TR will connect the dialer to the phone line on the next line seizure. If the dialer does not seize the line, this condition terminates after 2 minutes.

If the dialer subsequently sends a valid message, the LED will return to a blinking green status. If the dialer hangs up, an intercept error will be generated. The alternating LED also occurs when the line is currently seized, but no transaction is taking place (for example, the C900TTL-TR is waiting for the dialer to return on-hook). This happens when the C900TTL-TR returns to Intercept Mode, or while the dialer has seized the line.

#### SYSTEM LED

. The SYSTEM LED indicates the status of the host computer, and of the C900TTL-TR itself.



The DIALER LED is invalid, and the C900TTL-TR will be in Fallback Mode and will not poll the host in the latter two cases (Blinking red (repeating code) or Steady green, red or off).

**Table 5: System LED Functions** 

System LED Color	Function
Blinking Green (5 Hertz)	The host compute
Blinking Red (5 Hertz)	The host compute
Blinking Red (Repeating Code)	A self-test has occiblinks that repeat
1 blink	ROM checksui
2 blinks	RAM test error
Steady Green, Red or Off	The C900 has fail
No LED	Power was lost.

**Note:** The C900TTL-TR has three status LEDs. These LEDs will flash until the C900 inserts itself into the Token Ring. Once the C900 is inserted the LEDs will remain on steady. If the LEDs continue to flash, the C900 is having trouble inserting into the Token Ring.

#### 9.2 Fallback Mode

• In fallback operation, the C900TTL-TR connects the house phone to the dialer and the dialer to the telco, shunting itself out of the phone circuit. Intercept mode is maintained only if the C900TTL-TR processor is running, and there are no errors. Thus, "Fallback Mode" is ensured in the event of a CPU lockup.

#### 9.3 Dialer Interaction

• The following table shows the conditions under which the C900TTL-TR will go into "Fallback Mode." The C900TTL-TR will return to intercept only when all "Until" conditions are met.

Table 6: Dialer Interaction Conditions Forcing C900TTL-TR into Fallback Mode

What	When	Until
CPU fail	Immediately	C900 ı
Host link fail	Immediately	Link is
Host link failing (no response to last message)	Dialer goes off-hook	Link is
Intercept Disable command	Immediately	Interce
Intercept error	The fallback after intercept error is enabled, and the dialer goes off-hook within two minutes of the error occurrence.	Two m
Switch to Fallback command	Upon receipt. Will not actually fallback until the dialer is on-hook.	One h
Input 2 (Intercept Inhibit)	High for 200 mS	Low fo
Input 3 (Intercept Override)	High for 5 seconds. Will not actually fallback until the dialer is on-hook.	Low fo

